

Coordinate system	surface differential dS
Cartesian (top, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_z$)	$dS = dx dy$
Cartesian (side a, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_y$)	$dS = dx dz$
Cartesian (side b, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_x$)	$dS = dy dz$
cylindrical (top, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_z$)	$dS = r dr d\theta$
cylindrical (side, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_r$)	$dS = R d\theta dz$
spherical, ($\hat{n} = \hat{e}_r$)	$dS = R^2 \sin \theta d\theta d\phi$

What are
 $\hat{e}_r, \hat{e}_\theta, \hat{e}_\phi$?
 in terms of
 $\hat{e}_x, \hat{e}_y, \hat{e}_z$?

SPHERICAL COORDS

Coordinate system	volume differential dV
Cartesian	$dV = dx dy dz$
cylindrical	$dV = r dr d\theta dz$
spherical	$dV = r^2 \sin \theta dr d\theta d\phi$

Coordinate system	coordinates	basis vectors
spherical	$x = r \sin \theta \cos \phi$ $y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi$ $z = r \cos \theta$	$\hat{e}_r = (\sin \theta \cos \phi \hat{e}_x) + (\sin \theta \sin \phi \hat{e}_y) + \cos \theta \hat{e}_z$ $\hat{e}_\theta = (\cos \theta \cos \phi) \hat{e}_x + (\cos \theta \sin \phi) \hat{e}_y + (-\sin \theta) \hat{e}_z$ $\hat{e}_\phi = (-\sin \phi) \hat{e}_x + \cos \phi \hat{e}_y$
cylindrical	$x = r \cos \theta$ $y = r \sin \theta$ $z = z$	$\hat{e}_r = \cos \theta \hat{e}_x + \sin \theta \hat{e}_y$ $\hat{e}_\theta = (-\sin \theta) \hat{e}_x + \cos \theta \hat{e}_y$ $\hat{e}_z = \hat{e}_z$

$$\text{Divergence Theorem} \quad \iint_S \hat{n} \cdot \underline{F} \, dS = \iiint_V \nabla \cdot \underline{F} \, dV$$

$$\text{Stokes Theorem} \quad \oint_C \hat{t} \cdot \underline{F} \, dl = \iint_S \hat{n} \cdot (\nabla \times \underline{F}) \, dS$$

Vector identities:

$$\nabla \cdot \nabla \times \underline{F} = 0 \quad (\text{Divergence of curl} = 0)$$

$$\nabla \times \nabla f = 0 \quad (\text{Curl of gradient} = 0)$$

$$\nabla(fg) = f\nabla g + g\nabla f$$

$$\underline{F} \cdot \nabla \underline{F} = \frac{1}{2} \nabla(\underline{F}^2) - \underline{F} \times (\nabla \times \underline{F})$$

$$\nabla \cdot (f\underline{F}) = f \nabla \cdot \underline{F} + \underline{F} \cdot \nabla f$$

$$\nabla \times \nabla \times \underline{F} = \nabla(\nabla \cdot \underline{F}) - \nabla^2 \underline{F}$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\underline{F} \times \underline{G}) = \underline{G} \cdot (\nabla \times \underline{F}) - \underline{F} \cdot (\nabla \times \underline{G})$$

From inside back cover:

$$\hat{e}_r = \sin\theta \cos\phi \hat{e}_x + \sin\theta \sin\phi \hat{e}_y + \cos\theta \hat{e}_z$$

(2)

Multiply by $\cos\theta$

$$\hat{e}_\theta = \cos\theta \cos\phi \hat{e}_x + \cos\theta \sin\phi \hat{e}_y - \sin\theta \hat{e}_z$$

Multiply by $-\sin\theta$

$$\cos\theta \hat{e}_r = \sin\theta \cos\phi \cos\theta \hat{e}_x + \sin\theta \cos\theta \sin\phi \hat{e}_y + \cos^2\theta \hat{e}_z$$

$$-\sin\theta \hat{e}_\theta = -\sin\theta \cos\phi \cos\theta \hat{e}_x - \sin\theta \cos\theta \sin\phi \hat{e}_y + \sin^2\theta \hat{e}_z$$

ADD:

$$\cos\theta \hat{e}_r - \sin\theta \hat{e}_\theta = \underbrace{(\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta)}_1 \hat{e}_z$$

$$\hat{e}_z = \cos\theta \hat{e}_r - \sin\theta \hat{e}_\theta$$

Substitute \hat{e}_r back into \hat{e}_r expression:

(3)

$$\hat{e}_r = \sin\theta \cos\phi \hat{e}_x + \sin\theta \sin\phi \hat{e}_y$$

$$+ \cos^2\theta \hat{e}_r - \sin\theta \cos\theta \hat{e}_\theta$$

re-arrange:

$$\sin^2\theta$$

$$(1 - \cos^2\theta) \hat{e}_r = \cancel{\sin\theta \cos\phi \hat{e}_x}$$

$$+ \cancel{\sin\theta \sin\phi \hat{e}_y}$$

$$- \cancel{\sin\theta \cos\theta \hat{e}_\theta}$$

\Rightarrow

$$\sin\theta \hat{e}_r = \cos\phi \hat{e}_x + \sin\phi \hat{e}_y - \cos\theta \hat{e}_\theta$$

Now, solve for \hat{e}_y :

$$\sin\theta \hat{e}_r + \cos\theta \hat{e}_\theta = \cos\phi \hat{e}_x + \sin\phi \hat{e}_y]$$

multiplying by $\sin\phi$

$$\hat{e}_\phi = -\sin\phi \hat{e}_x + \cos\phi \hat{e}_y]$$

multiplying by $\cos\phi$ *\hat{e}_x terms cancel*

ADD

$$\sin\phi \sin\theta \hat{e}_r + \sin\phi \cos\theta \hat{e}_\theta + \cos\phi \hat{e}_\phi$$

$$= \underbrace{(\sin^2\phi + \cos^2\phi)}_1 \hat{e}_y$$

$$\boxed{\hat{e}_y = \sin\phi \sin\theta \hat{e}_r + \sin\phi \cos\theta \hat{e}_\theta + \cos\phi \hat{e}_\phi}$$

Now, solve for \hat{e}_x :

(4)

Beginning w/ bracketed equations:

- ① multiply first by $\cos\phi$
- ② multiply second by $-\sin\phi$
- ③ add



$$\cos\phi \sin\theta \hat{e}_r + \cos\theta \cos\phi \hat{e}_\theta$$

$$= \cos^2\phi \hat{e}_x + \sin\phi \cos\phi \hat{e}_y$$

add

$$-\sin\phi \hat{e}_\phi = \sin^2\phi \hat{e}_x - \underbrace{\sin\phi \cos\phi \hat{e}_y}$$

$$\underbrace{\sin^2\phi + \cos^2\phi = 1}$$

cancel

⇒

$$\hat{e}_x = \cos\phi \sin\theta \hat{e}_r + \cos\phi \cos\theta \hat{e}_\theta - \sin\phi \hat{e}_\phi$$