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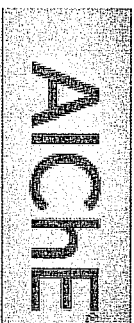
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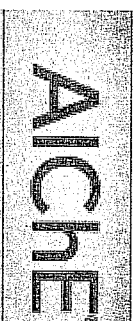
Benefits

- The AIChE eLibrary powered by Knowel: Featuring scientific references, handbooks, standards, databases, charts, and graphs including Perry's.
- Take advantage of opportunities to qualify and compete for awards, competitions and scholarships.
- Build a meaningful network of chemical engineer professionals that will last a lifetime.
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- The Pocket Handbook — a handy reference of technical facts and formulas.



**MICHIGAN TECH
WILL BE HOSTING
THE 2011 REGIONAL
CONFERENCE!**

So get involved now!



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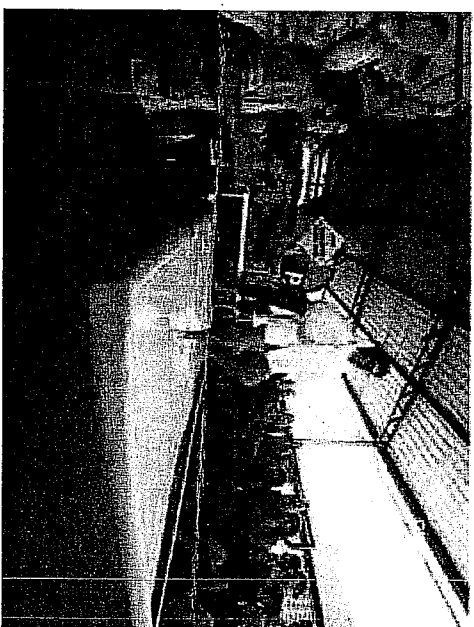
Question?

Contact: Heather Chailier
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Michigan Tech
American Institute of Chemical Engineers

How can I walk on a liquid?

The science behind non-Newtonian fluids



Corn starch provided by:

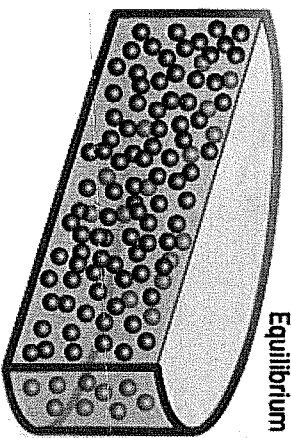


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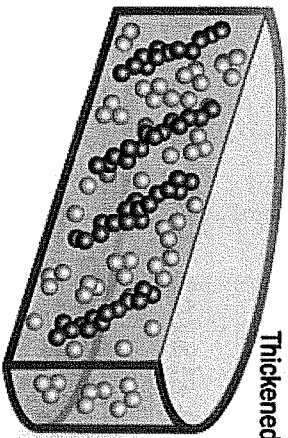
HOW IT WORKS!

The fluid is a colloid, made of tiny particles suspended in a liquid. The particles repel each other slightly, so they float easily throughout the liquid without clumping together or settling to the bottom. But the energy of a sudden impact overwhelms the repulsive forces between the particles – they stick together, forming masses called hydroclusters. When the energy from

Shear-thickening fluid



Equilibrium



Thickened

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the impact dissipates, the particles begin to repel one another again. The hydroclusters fall apart, and the apparently solid substance reverts to a liquid. "shear thickening" causes this property of this non-Newtonian fluid

TERMINOLOGY

Viscosity -"thickness", or resistance to flow.

Examples: Water is "thin" (low viscosity)

Honey is "thick" (high viscosity)

Rheology-study of viscosity

Bingham plastic-behaves as a rigid body at low stresses but flows as a viscous fluid at high stress

Newtonian fluid -its stress versus rate of strain curve is linear and passes through the origin, doesn't change with strain rate (water, milk, apple juice)

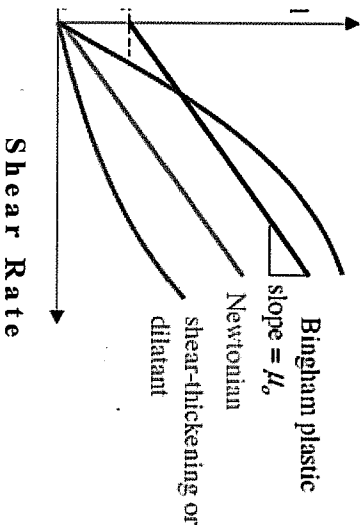
non-Newtonian fluid -a fluid where viscosity changes with the applied strain rate

Shear thickening-material where viscosity increases with the rate of shear (Normally thin, they can become thick when stirred or hit)

Shear thinning-viscosity decreases with increasing rate of shear (Normally thick, they can become thin and flow like water when stirred or shaken)

shear-thinning or pseudoplastic

Shear Stress



ANOTHER EXPERIMENT!

Non-Newtonian Fluids
CORN STARCH

- Bring your own corn starch
- Mix up with a little water until it is gooey but firm on impact
- Pour into the flat container
- Hit with a hammer

RN

REAL LIFE APPLICATIONS!

-Shear thickening

Bullet-proof vests-absorbs the energy of a high velocity projectile impact but remain soft and flexible while worn

Wet sand (quicksand)

-Shear thinning

Paint-one wants the paint to flow readily off the brush when it is being applied to the surface being painted, but not to drip excessively

Ketchup- shaking a bottle causes the contents to undergo an unpredictable change in viscosity

Whipped cream

Blood

Nail polish

Shampoo