## **Exam 1 Formulas** Polymer Rheology Prof. Faith Morrison

Rate of deformation tensor:  $\underline{\dot{\gamma}} = \nabla \underline{v} + (\nabla \underline{v})^{T}$ Rate of deformation:  $\dot{\gamma} = |\underline{\dot{\gamma}}|$ Tensor magnitude:  $A = |\underline{A}| = +\sqrt{\frac{\underline{A}:\underline{A}}{2}}$ Total stress tensor:  $\underline{\Pi} = p\underline{I} + \underline{\tau}$ (Bird, UR sign convention on stress) Navier-Stokes Equation:  $\rho \left(\frac{\partial \underline{v}}{\partial t} + \underline{v} \cdot \nabla \underline{v}\right) = -\nabla p + \mu \nabla^{2} \underline{v} + \rho \underline{g}$ Cauchy Momentum Equation:  $\rho \left(\frac{\partial \underline{v}}{\partial t} + \underline{v} \cdot \nabla \underline{v}\right) = -\nabla p - \nabla \cdot \underline{\tau} + \rho \underline{g}$ (Bird, UR sign convention on stress) Continuity Equation:  $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -\nabla \cdot (\rho \underline{v})$ 

Newtonian, incompressible constitutive equation:  $\underline{\underline{\tau}} = -\mu(\nabla \underline{\underline{\nu}} + (\nabla \underline{\underline{\nu}})^T)$ (Bird sign convention on stress)

Fluid force  $\underline{F}_{on}$  on a surface S: (Bird, UR sign convention on stress)

$$\underline{F}_{on} = \iint_{S} \left[ \widehat{n} \cdot - \underline{\underline{\Pi}} \right] \Big|_{surface} dS$$

Flow rate *Q* through a surface **S**:

$$\boldsymbol{Q} = \iint\limits_{\boldsymbol{S}} [\widehat{\boldsymbol{n}} \cdot \underline{\boldsymbol{v}}]_{surface} d\boldsymbol{S}$$

Fluid torque  $\underline{T}_{on}$  on a surface S: ( $\underline{\tilde{R}}$  is the lever arm vector from the axis of rotation to the point of application of the force) (Bird, UR sign convention on stress)

$$\underline{T}_{on} = \iint_{S} \left[ \underline{\widetilde{R}} \times (\widehat{n} \cdot - \underline{\underline{\Pi}}) \right]_{surface} dS$$

Table of Integrals

$$\int u^n du = \frac{u^{n+1}}{n+1} + C \quad n \text{ is a constant}$$
$$\int \frac{1}{u} du = \ln u + C$$
$$\int (\ln u) du = u \ln u - u + C$$
$$\int_a^b u \, dv = uv \Big|_a^b - \int_a^b v \, du$$

Miscellaneous

$$\underline{\underline{A}} = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{13} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & A_{23} \\ A_{31} & A_{32} & A_{33} \end{pmatrix}_{123}$$

$$\frac{d}{ds}(uw) = u\frac{dw}{ds} + w\frac{du}{ds}$$

$$\underline{u} \times \underline{w} = \det \begin{vmatrix} \hat{e}_1 & \hat{e}_2 & \hat{e}_3 \\ u_1 & u_2 & u_3 \\ w_1 & w_2 & w_3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} u_2 w_3 - u_3 w_2 \\ -(u_1 w_3 - u_3 w_1) \\ u_1 w_2 - u_2 w_1 \end{pmatrix}_{123}$$

Cylindrical Coordinate System: Note that the  $\theta$ -coordinate swings around the *z*-axis and the *r*-coordinate is perpendicular to the *z*-axis.



**Spherical Coordinate System:** Note that the  $\theta$ -coordinate swings <u>down</u> from the *z*-axis and the *r*-coordinate emits radially from the origin to the point; these are different from their definitions in the cylindrical system above.



## **Cylindrical Coordinates**

System	Coordinates	Basis vectors
Cylindrical	$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$	$\hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_r = \cos\theta\hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_x + \sin\theta\hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_y$
Cylindrical	$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$	$\hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_{\theta} = (-\sin\theta)\hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_x + \cos\theta\hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_y$
Cylindrical	z = z	$\hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_{\boldsymbol{z}} = \hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_{\boldsymbol{z}}$
Culindrical	$r - r \cos \theta$	$\hat{a} = \cos \theta \hat{a} \pm (-\sin \theta) \hat{a}$
Cymuncar	$x = 7 \cos \theta$	$e_x = \cos \theta e_r + (-\sin \theta) e_{\theta}$
Cylindrical	$y = r \sin \theta$	$\hat{e}_y = \sin \theta  \hat{e}_r + \cos \theta  \hat{e}_{ heta}$
Cylindrical	z = z	$\hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_{z}=\hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_{z}$

**Spherical Coordinates** 

System	Coordinates	Basis vectors
Spherical	$x = r\sin\theta\cos\phi$	$\hat{e}_x = (\sin\theta\cos\phi)\hat{e}_r + (\cos\theta\cos\phi)\hat{e}_\theta + (-\sin\phi)\hat{e}_\phi$
Spherical	$y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi$	$\hat{e}_y = (\sin\theta\sin\phi)\hat{e}_r + (\cos\theta\sin\phi)\hat{e}_\theta + \cos\phi\hat{e}_\phi$
Spherical	$z = r \cos \theta$	$\hat{e}_z = \cos\theta \ \hat{e}_r + (-\sin\theta)\hat{e}_{\theta}$
Spherical	$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$	$\hat{e}_r = (\sin\theta\cos\phi)\hat{e}_x + (\sin\theta\sin\phi)\hat{e}_y + \cos\theta\hat{e}_z$
Spherical	$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{z}\right)$	$\hat{e}_{\theta} = (\cos\theta\cos\phi)\hat{e}_x + (\cos\theta\sin\phi)\hat{e}_y + (-\sin\theta)\hat{e}_z$
Spherical	$\boldsymbol{\phi} = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\boldsymbol{y}}{\boldsymbol{x}}\right)$	$\hat{e}_{\phi} = (-\sin\phi)\hat{e}_x + \cos\phi\hat{e}_y$

Coordinate system	surface differential $dS$
Cartesian (top, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_z$ )	dS = dxdy
Cartesian (side a, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_y$	) $dS = dxdz$
Cartesian (side b, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_x$	) $dS = dydz$
cylindrical (top, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_z$ )	$dS = r dr d\theta$
cylindrical (side, $\hat{n} = \hat{e}_r$ )	$dS = Rd\theta dz$
spherical, $(\hat{n} = \hat{e}_r)$	$dS = R^2 \sin \theta d\theta d\phi$
Coordinate system	volume differential $dV$
Coordinate system	
Cartesian	dV = dxdydz
cylindrical	$dV = r dr d\theta dz$
spherical	$dV = r^2 \sin \theta dr d\theta d\phi$

## C.2 Differential Operations in Curvilinear Coordinates

TABLE C.3 Differential Operations in the Cylindrical Coordinate System  $r, \theta, z$  $\underline{w} = \left(\begin{array}{c} w_{\theta} \\ w \end{array}\right)$  $\nabla = \hat{e}_r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \hat{e}_\theta \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \hat{e}_z \frac{\partial}{\partial z}$  $\nabla a = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial r}{r} \\ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial a}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial a}{\partial \tau} \end{pmatrix}$  $\nabla \cdot \nabla a = \nabla^2 a = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r \frac{\partial a}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \tau^2}$  $\nabla \cdot \underline{w} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r w_r) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial w_z}{\partial z}$  $\nabla \times \underline{w} = \begin{pmatrix} \overline{r} & \overline{\partial \theta} & \overline{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial z} & -\frac{\partial w_z}{\partial r} \\ \frac{1}{r} & \frac{\partial (rw_\theta)}{\partial r} & -\frac{1}{r} & \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial \theta} \end{pmatrix}$  $\underline{\underline{A}} = \begin{pmatrix} A_{rr} & A_{r\theta} & A_{rz} \\ A_{\theta r} & A_{\theta \theta} & A_{\theta z} \\ A_{rr} & A_{z\theta} & A_{zz} \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta z}$  $\nabla \underline{w} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial w_z}{\partial r} \\ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{w_{\theta}}{r} & \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{w_r}{r} & \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_z}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial z} & \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial z} & \frac{\partial w_z}{\partial z} \end{pmatrix}.$  $\nabla^{2}\underline{w} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial (rw_{r})}{\partial r} \right] + \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2}w_{r}}{\partial \theta^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2}w_{r}}{\partial z^{2}} - \frac{2}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} \\\\ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial (rw_{\theta})}{\partial r} \right] + \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2}w_{\theta}}{\partial \theta^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2}w_{\theta}}{\partial z^{2}} + \frac{2}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial w_{r}}{\partial \theta} \\\\ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r \frac{\partial w_{z}}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2}w_{z}}{\partial \theta^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2}w_{z}}{\partial z^{2}} \end{pmatrix}$ 

F. A. Morrison, Understanding Rheology (Oxford, 2001)

$$\nabla \cdot \underline{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (rA_{rr}) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_{\theta r}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial A_{zr}}{\partial z} - \frac{A_{\theta \theta}}{r} \\ \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 A_{r\theta}) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_{\theta \theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial A_{z\theta}}{\partial z} + \frac{A_{\theta r} - A_{r\theta}}{r} \\ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (rA_{rz}) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_{\theta z}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial A_{zz}}{\partial z} \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta z}$$
(C.3-10)  
$$\frac{u_r}{u_r} \left( \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial r} \right) + u_{\theta} \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{w_{\theta}}{r} \right) + u_z \left( \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial z} \right) \\ u_r \left( \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial r} \right) + u_{\theta} \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{w_r}{r} \right) + u_z \left( \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial z} \right) \\ u_r \left( \frac{\partial w_z}{\partial r} \right) + u_{\theta} \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_z}{\partial \theta} \right) + u_z \left( \frac{\partial w_z}{\partial z} \right) \\ r\theta z \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta z}$$
(C.3-11)

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## TABLE C.4Differential Operations in the Spherical Coordinate System $r, \theta, \phi$

$\underline{w} = \begin{pmatrix} w_r \\ w_\theta \\ w_\phi \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta\phi}$	(C.4	4-1)
$\nabla = \hat{e}_r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \hat{e}_\theta \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \hat{e}_\phi \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$	(C.4	1,2)
$\left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{\partial a}{\partial a} \end{array}\right)$		

$$\nabla a = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial r}{r} \\ \frac{1}{r \partial \theta} \\ \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial a}{\partial \phi} \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta\phi}$$
(C.4-3)

$$\nabla \cdot \nabla a = \nabla^2 a = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial a}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin \theta \frac{\partial a}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 a}{\partial \phi^2}$$
(C.4-4)

$$\nabla \cdot \underline{w} = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 w_r \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( w_\theta \sin \theta \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_\phi}{\partial \phi}$$
(C.4-5)

$$\nabla \times \underline{w} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (w_{\phi} \sin \theta) - \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} \\ \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_{r}}{\partial \phi} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r w_{\phi}) \\ \frac{1}{r \partial r} (r w_{\theta}) - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_{r}}{\partial \theta} \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta\phi}$$
(C.4-6)

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$$\underline{\underline{A}} = \begin{pmatrix} A_{rr} & A_{r\theta} & A_{r\phi} \\ A_{\theta r} & A_{\theta \theta} & A_{\theta \phi} \\ A_{\phi r} & A_{\phi \theta} & A_{\phi \phi} \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta \phi}$$
(C.4-7)

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$$\nabla \underline{w} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial r} \\ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{w_{\theta}}{r} & \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{w_r}{r} & \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_{\phi}}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{w_{\phi}}{r} & \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} - \frac{w_{\phi}}{r} \cot \theta & \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{w_r}{r} + \frac{w_{\theta}}{r} \cot \theta \\ \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{w_{\phi}}{r} & \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} - \frac{w_{\phi}}{r} \cot \theta & \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 w_r}{\partial \phi^2} \\ -\frac{2}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (w_{\theta} \sin \theta) - \frac{2}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} \\ \frac{1}{r^2 \partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial w_{\theta}}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left[ \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (w_{\theta} \sin \theta) \right] + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 w_{\theta}}{\partial \phi^2} \\ + \frac{2}{r^2 \partial w_r} - \frac{2 \cot \theta}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} \\ \frac{1}{r^2 \partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial w_{\phi}}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left[ \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (w_{\phi} \sin \theta) \right] + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 w_{\phi}}{\partial \phi^2} \\ + \frac{2}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial \phi} + \frac{2 \cot \theta}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} \\ \frac{1}{r^2 \partial r} \left( r^2 A_{rr} \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (A_{\theta r} \sin \theta) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_{\phi r}}{\partial \phi} - \frac{A_{\theta \theta} + A_{\phi \phi}}{r} \\ \end{pmatrix} \right)$$
(C.4-9)

$$\nabla \cdot \underline{A} = \begin{pmatrix} r^2 \partial r \left( r^{-A_{r}\rho} \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( A_{\theta \rho} \sin \theta \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \left( A_{\theta \rho} \sin \theta \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} + \frac{(A_{\theta r} - A_{r\theta}) - A_{\phi \phi} \cot \theta}{r} \\ \frac{1}{r^3} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^3 A_{r\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( A_{\theta \phi} \sin \theta \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_{\phi \phi}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{(A_{\phi r} - A_{r\phi}) + A_{\phi \theta} \cot \theta}{r} \\ \frac{1}{r^{0}} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^{0} A_{r\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( A_{\theta \phi} \sin \theta \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_{\phi \phi}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{(A_{\phi r} - A_{r\phi}) + A_{\phi \theta} \cot \theta}{r} \\ \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta \phi}$$
(C.4-10)

$$\underline{u} \cdot \nabla \underline{w} = \begin{pmatrix} u_r \left( \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial r} \right) + u_\theta \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{w_\theta}{r} \right) + u_\phi \left( \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{w_\phi}{r} \right) \\ u_r \left( \frac{\partial w_\theta}{\partial r} \right) + u_\theta \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{w_r}{r} \right) + u_\phi \left( \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_\theta}{\partial \phi} - \frac{w_\phi}{r} \cot \theta \right) \\ u_r \left( \frac{\partial w_\phi}{\partial r} \right) + u_\theta \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w_\phi}{\partial \theta} \right) + u_\phi \left( \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial w_\phi}{\partial \phi} + \frac{w_r}{r} + \frac{w_\theta}{r} \cot \theta \right) \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta\phi}$$
(C.4-11)