

Preliminary Call for Papers

45th Annual Loss Prevention Symposium (LPS) 7th Global Congress on Process Safety

AIChE 2011 Spring National Meeting
Chicago Hyatt
Chicago, IL

Date: March 13-17, 2011

The Loss Prevention Symposium (LPS) is one of three parallel symposia that comprise The Global Congress on Process Safety. Organized by Group 11A of the AIChE Safety and Health (S&H) Division, the LPS has been held annually since 1967. The Symposium promotes process safety by providing a forum for practitioners from the chemical industry, allied industries, academia, and government to share technological advances in process safety, explosion prevention, and fire protection as well as to share the lessons learned from incident investigations.

The Symposium consists of six sessions, each with six 30-minute presentations. Papers are selected by session chairs based on an abstract of 100 to 200 words. The abstract must offer a brief account of the contents, conclusions, and the relevance of its findings. Submitted abstracts must include the **author**, **their affiliation**, **full address**, **email**, **and phone number**. Papers must address pertinent process safety issues or useful loss prevention technologies. Authors are encouraged to submit papers that meet the spirit of the symposium, but may not be directly called out in the sessions. Accepted papers will be published in the LPS proceedings. If you wish to present a paper please send an abstract to the appropriate session chair (copying the symposium chair) via email for consideration by September 15, 2010.

1 -Fires, Explosions and Reactive Chemicals

The analysis, prevention, protection and mitigation of fire, explosion, and reactivity hazards continue to be important to the loss prevention community. This session invites papers that identify, characterize, or offer design and operational guidance on fire, explosion and reactivity hazards.

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Chair	Dr. Erdem A. Ural	Vice-	John F. Murphy	
	Loss Prevention Science & Technologies, Inc.	Chair	Process Safety Services	
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2 - Impact of Sustainability Efforts on Loss Prevention

Many companies, agencies, and organizations today focus on sustainable development, environmental footprinting, and "green" technologies. This session invites papers that identify, describe or address loss prevention issues in green technologies (such as alternative energy, biofuels, energy conservation, etc.), or that discuss safety benefits or consequences of sustainability or environmental efforts and projects. An example of the latter is the potential for "green" roofs causing structural overloading without special design attention.

Chair	Hank Gurry	Vice-	Henry L. Febo
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3 - Risk Assessment - Consequence Modeling and QRA

Consequence modeling and quantitative risk assessment techniques are often applied by the loss prevention professional as part of overall project or facility risk assessment activities. This session invites papers that address the integration and application of such tools and techniques into corporate risk assessment. Papers discussing best practices, case studies, and lessons learned are encouraged.

Chair	Kathleen A. Kas, PE	Vice-	Cheryl Grounds	
	Dow Chemical Company	Chair	BP - Exploration & Production, Process Safety	
	3100 State Road		Engineering, Segment Technical Authority	
	Croydon, PA 19021		501 Westlake Park Blvd.	
	315-785-7261		Houston, TX. 77079 – 2696	
	Kkas@dow.com		281-366-4740	
			Cheryl.Grounds@bp.com	

4 - Advances in Combustible Dust Hazards EvaluationDust explosion safety continues to be an area of interest and development for loss prevention professionals. OSHA recently announced that it will be developing a federal combustible dust standard. This session invites original papers describing advances in combustible dust hazard evaluation, experimental studies, improved methods for prevention and mitigation, and novel approaches for compliance with the safety standards and regulations.ChairWalt FrankVice-John Going							
	Frank Risk Solutions Inc. 1110 Shallcross Ave		Chair	Fike Corporation (816) 229-3405			
	Wilmington, Delaware 19806			john.going@fike.com			
	302-521-7588			joining only on to to the			
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	se histories and Lessons Learni s of process safety incidents and ne						
	ts, near misses, and the lessons lea			idable learning opportun	nies. i apers dealing with		
Chair	Lisa Long U. S. Department of Labor - OSHA Office of General Industry Enforcement 200 Constitution Avenue, NW Washington DC 20210 202-693-2409 long.lisa@dol.gov	Vice- Chairs	TBD		TBD		
2011 L	oss Prevention Symposium Ch	air and Vice	Chair				
Chair	Delmar "Trey" Morrison, Ph.D., P.E. Exponent 1011 Warrenville Road, Suite 215 Lisle, IL 60532 630-743-7708 tmorrison@exponent.com		Vice- Chair	TBD			

Instructions to LPS Authors

The Loss Prevention Symposium covers process safety for engineering professionals. It addresses such topics as incident investigations, management of hazardous chemicals, prevention of hazardous leaks, risk assessment, evaluation of process hazards, industrial hygiene, fire and explosion analysis, preventive maintenance, vapor cloud dispersion, Process Safety Management, regulatory compliance, training, education, and plant/process security.

Papers from the annual Loss Prevention Symposium are considered for publication in Process Safety Progress. The editors of PSP select the best papers for publication - particularly those that are well written, contain new and unique technical content, and address process safety issues or technologies that are immediately useful to the chemical industry.

Papers will be read and evaluated by the respective session chair as well as the symposium chair. The primary author will receive comments to improve the quality of the paper. If specific corrections or changes are requested as a condition of acceptance, the author must incorporate these and resubmit the paper directly to the session chair. Articles are typically no longer than 16 manuscript pages, including tables and figures.

Format: Papers in LPS Proceedings follow the standard technical paper format, using the following sections: abstract, introduction, background, results and discussion, and conclusions. However, authors are free to choose a different format or style if it better illustrates the material being presented. A clear, direct writing style is recommended. Use headings and subheadings to increase the readability. All tables and figures should be numbered and include a short, descriptive caption. A table of nomenclature should be provided for all mathematical terms. All acronyms and terms not commonly known outside of your area of technical specialization must be identified.

Title Page: This should contain the complete title of the manuscript and the names and affiliations of all authors. Include the name, address and telephone, telefax numbers, and e-mail address of the author responsible for correspondence.

Abstract: Each paper must include an abstract of 100-200 words. The abstract must offer a brief account of the contents, conclusions, and the relevance of its findings. The abstract should not be identical to the introductory paragraphs of the paper. The abstract must include the author affiliation, address, email and phone number.

Literature Citations: Any literature directly referenced within the text or in any tables or figures should be notated using brackets with a reference number. Citations should be listed in the order in which they appear in the article. References should be styled in accordance with the reference style shown below:

Journal Article:

[1] B. Grunbaum and G. C. Shephard, Edge-transitive planar graphs, *J. Graph Theory* 11 (1987), 141–156.

[2] J. L. Gross and T. W. Tucker, *Topological Graph Theory*, Wiley, New York, 1987.

Book Chapter:

[3] R. C. Read and W. T. Tutte, "Chromatic polynomials," *Selected Topics in Graph Theory III* L. W. Beineke and R. J. Wilson, (Editors), Academic Press, New York (1988), pp. 15–42.

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